



Adex Mining Inc.
Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2009
(Unaudited)

ADEX MINING INC.
(the "Company")

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements.

DATED this 27th day of May, 2009.

ADEX MINING INC.

Per: (signed) "Errol Farr"
Name: Errol Farr
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Per: (signed) "Errol Farr"
Name: Errol Farr
Title: Chief Financial Officer

ADEX Mining Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at	March 31 2009 \$	December 31 2008 \$
	(Unaudited)	
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,441,982	3,883,821
Prepaid expenses and deposits	137,204	117,770
Accounts receivable	48,366	128,460
Interest receivable	15,747	34,754
	3,643,299	4,164,805
Mineral properties (note 3)	5,702,747	5,608,741
Reclamation bonds	759,206	727,533
Property, plant & equipment net of depreciation of \$14,990 (2008 - \$12,322)	6,432	9,100
	10,111,684	10,510,179
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable & accruals	187,055	316,753
<i>Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (note 6)</i>		
Shareholders' equity (note 4)		
Share capital	38,859,324	38,859,324
Contributed surplus	1,605,489	1,424,707
Warrants	9,672	104,522
Deficit	(30,549,856)	(30,195,127)
	9,924,629	10,193,426
	10,111,684	10,510,179

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Approved on behalf of the board:

(signed) "Alan Marshall"
Director

(signed) "Errol Farr"
Director

ADEX Mining Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Loss, Comprehensive Loss and Deficit

For the three months ended March 31 (Unaudited)	2009 \$	2008 \$
Expenses		
Administrative and general	195,609	257,700
Mineral property expenses	86,585	157,382
Stock based compensation (note 4)	85,932	135,105
Depreciation	586	294
Interest earned on funds on deposit	(13,984)	(50,044)
	354,729	500,438
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(354,729)	(500,438)
Deficit, beginning of the period	(30,195,127)	(28,344,607)
Deficit, end of the period	(30,549,856)	(28,845,044)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	88,117,361	75,110,816
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.01)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

ADEX Mining Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31 (Unaudited)	2009 \$	2008 \$
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	(354,729)	(500,438)
Items not affecting cash:		
Stock based compensation	85,932	135,105
Depreciation of capital assets	2,668	2,232
Amortization of bond premium	2,696	1,939
	(263,432)	(361,162)
Change in non-cash working capital	(50,031)	(48,874)
	(313,463)	(410,036)
Investing activities		
Additions to reclamation bonds	(34,370)	-
Additions to mineral properties	(94,006)	(457,655)
	(128,376)	(457,655)
Financing activities		
Exercise of warrants	-	269,655
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(441,839)	(598,036)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	3,883,821	8,585,430
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	3,441,982	7,987,394
Cash and cash equivalents comprises:		
Cash	1,441,982	5,662,682
Guaranteed investment certificate	2,000,000	-
Committed cash	-	2,382,921

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Adex Mining Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2009

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Adex Mining Inc. (the "Company") holds 100% of the subsurface mineral rights to approximately 1,600 hectares encompassing the Mount Pleasant mine area of New Brunswick, Canada (the "Property" or "Mount Pleasant"). Within the mineral rights area the Company owns approximately 405 hectares of land, plus the buildings, machinery and equipment on site which comprise the dormant Mount Pleasant mine.

The Company has interests in resource properties which it is in the process of exploring and has not yet determined whether these properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of expenditures on resource properties, including deferred exploration expenditures, is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of the resource properties, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") on a basis consistent with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2008 (except as noted below) and should be read in conjunction with those statements as they do not contain all information or disclosure to be in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial reporting. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2009 may not be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the unaudited interim period consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures made in the unaudited interim period consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and conditions and activities that may be undertaken in the future. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Change in accounting policy – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Financial Statement Concepts

In November 2007, the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (the "CICA") issued amendments to Section 1000 "Financial Statement Concepts", and AcG 11 "Enterprises in the Development Stage", issued a new Handbook Section 3064 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" ("Section 3064"), to replace Section 3062 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", withdrew Section 3450 "Research and Development Costs" and amended EIC 27 "Revenues and Expenditures During the Pre-operating Period" to not apply to entities that have adopted Section 3064. These amendments provide guidance for the recognition of internally developed intangible assets, including assets developed from research and development activities, ensuring consistent treatment of all intangible assets, whether separately acquired or internally developed. The amendments are effective for annual and interim consolidated financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008 and, therefore, the Company has implemented them in the first quarter of 2009, retroactively with restatement of the comparative periods for the prior year. The adoption of this change in accounting policy did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Change in accounting policy - Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

In January 2009, the Emerging Issues Committee ("EIC") concluded that an entity's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty should be taken into account in determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivative instruments. EIC-173 is applicable retrospectively without restatements of prior periods to all financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in interim and annual consolidated financial statements for periods ending on or after the date of the issue of the abstract (January 20, 2009). Retrospective application with restatement of prior periods is permitted but not required. Early adoption is encouraged. The application of incorporating credit risk into the fair value should result in entities re-measuring their financial assets and financial

liabilities as at the beginning of the period of adoption with any resulting difference recorded in retained earnings except when derivatives in a fair value hedging relationship are accounted for by the short cut method (difference is adjusted to the hedged item) and for derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship (differences are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income). The adoption of this change in accounting policy did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Change in accounting policy – Mining exploration costs

In March 2009, the ICAI issued ICAI-174, "Mining Exploration Costs". ICAI-174 provides guidance on the accounting and the impairment review of exploration costs. This standard is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. This change in accounting policy did not have an effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Future changes in accounting policies - International financial reporting standards

The ICAI has released an exposure draft for the full adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for all Canadian publicly accountable enterprises on January 1, 2011, representing a final mandate from the ICAI. The Company has initiated plans to convert its basis of accounting to IFRS and is in the process of evaluating the impact that this conversion will have on the results of the Company. A project team has been engaged under the direction of an internal project manager. During 2008, the Company focused on the identification of differences in the basis of accounting in areas determined to be material to the Company's operations. With this review complete, the Company is currently focusing on the development of specific accounting policies and implementation plans. This process will continue throughout 2009. Current areas of focus for the Company include accounting for exploration and development costs and intangible assets, impairment of long-lived assets, provisions and contingent liabilities, and accounting for stock based compensation. Further disclosures as to the nature of financial and operational impacts to the Company will be made as available during the transition process.

3. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Mount Pleasant Property, New Brunswick	Exploration & development \$	Tailings Impoundment Facility upgrade \$	Total \$
Balance, December 31, 2007	815,551	-	815,551
Additions	4,167,273	625,917	4,793,190
Balance, December 31, 2008	4,982,824	625,917	5,608,741
Additions	91,306	2,700	94,006
Balance, March 31, 2009	5,074,130	628,617	5,702,747

The Company holds a 100% interest in the subsurface mineral rights to approximately 1,600 hectares encompassing the Mount Pleasant mine area. Within the mineral rights area, the Company owns approximately 405 hectares of land. Expenditures to March 31, 2009 relate to the drilling, consulting and other activities associated with the ongoing preparation of two new National Instrument ("NI 43-101") technical reports. Tailings Impoundment Facility expenditures relate to the repair and rehabilitation of the Mount Pleasant Tailings Impoundment Facility in order to comply with government regulations and in anticipation of future production requirements.

4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preference shares. As at March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had 88,117,361 common shares issued and outstanding.

Contributed Surplus

On March 13, 2009, 350,000 common share purchase broker warrants, exercisable at \$0.60, expired unexercised.

	Amount \$
Balance, December 31, 2008	1,424,707
Common share options expense	85,932
Warrants expired unexercised	94,850
Balance, March 31, 2009	1,605,489

Stock options

On January 31, 2009, 240,000 common share stock purchase options with an exercise price of \$0.30 were cancelled.

The following summary sets out the activity in outstanding common share stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2009:

	Options #	Weighted-average exercise price \$
Outstanding, December 31, 2008	5,700,000	0.31
Cancelled January 31, 2009	(240,000)	0.30
Outstanding, March 31, 2009	5,460,000	0.31
Options exercisable at March 31, 2009	5,097,500	0.31

The details of stock options outstanding at March 31, 2009 are as follows:

Number of stock options	Number exercisable	Remaining contractual life	Exercise price per share	Expiry date
2,050,000	2,050,000	3.26 years	\$0.30	June 29, 2012
1,370,000	1,370,000	3.26 years	\$0.30	June 29, 2012
250,000	250,000	3.35 years	\$0.40	August 2, 2012
140,000	140,000	3.40 years	\$0.35	August 20, 2012
150,000	150,000	3.68 years	\$0.45	November 28, 2012
50,000	50,000	3.85 years	\$0.33	January 30, 2013
1,450,000	1,087,500	4.21 years	\$0.30	June 11, 2013

The weighted average fair value of the options granted is \$0.31 per option, each contract fair value having been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free weighted-average interest rate ranging from 3.45% to 4.70%, expected dividend yield of nil, average expected volatility ranging from 91.8% to 115% and expected life term of five years. Under this method of calculation, the Company has recorded \$85,932 as stock based compensation, being the fair value of the options vested during the three month period ended March 31, 2009 (three month period ended March 31, 2008 - \$135,105). Options that have been issued and remain outstanding vest in one of three ways: (1) immediately on date of grant; (2) over one year from the date of grant, in equal quarterly installments commencing three months following the date of grant; or (3) over a period of eighteen months in quarterly installments commencing three months following the date of grant of 12.5%, 12.5%, 25%, 25%, 12.5% and 12.5%.

Warrants

The following summary sets out the activity in the Company's outstanding common share purchase warrants for the three months ended March 31, 2009:

	Warrants	Exercise Price Range
Outstanding, December 31, 2008	600,000	\$0.20 to \$0.60
Expired	(350,000)	\$0.60
Outstanding, March 31, 2009	250,000	\$0.30

The details of the Company's outstanding common share purchase warrants at March 31, 2009 are as follows:

Number of warrants	Remaining contractual life	Exercise price per share	Expiry date
250,000	0.25 years	\$0.30	June 30, 2009

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company incurred expenses of \$52,700 (2008 - \$55,500) related to the payment of management fees to the Company's senior officers, Kabir Ahmed, President and Chief Executive Officer, Errol Farr, Chief Financial Officer, and William C. Burton, Corporate Controller. These amounts were expensed in the period incurred as administrative and general expenses.

There are no amounts payable to these related parties at March 31, 2009. The amounts paid and owing are measured at the exchange amount, are non-interest bearing and due on demand.

6. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND GUARANTEES

The Company has a contractual lease obligation related to its corporate premises that requires a minimum total lease payment of \$203,982 until September 2012. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company expensed \$12,951 of its 2009 obligation (2008 - \$2,250).

The Company has the right to renew the lease for an additional three years and must provide written notice six months, prior to the expiration of the current lease term if it intends to renew the lease agreement.

	\$
2009	54,395
2010	54,395
2011	54,395
2012	40,796
	203,982

The Company has a contractual lease obligation related to its equipment at the Mount Pleasant property that requires a minimum total lease payment of \$31,670 until October 2009. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company expensed \$9,500 of its 2009 obligation (2008 - \$9,500).

The Company has a \$50,000 cash deposit on account with a consulting firm contracted to prepare a technical report. The contract was in force at March 31, 2009 and the project was completed subsequent to March 31, 2009.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Categories of financial assets and liabilities

Under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held-for-trading, held to maturity investments, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and other financial liabilities. The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments, including those held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet are classified into the following categories:

	March 31, 2009		December 31, 2008	
	Carrying value \$	Fair Value \$	Carrying value \$	Fair Value \$
Held for trading ⁽¹⁾	3,441,982	3,441,982	3,883,821	3,883,821
Loans and receivables ⁽²⁾	64,113	64,113	113,321	113,321
Held to maturity ⁽³⁾	759,206	759,206	727,533	727,533
Other financial liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	187,055	187,055	257,445	257,445

(1) Includes cash and cash equivalents.

(2) Includes accounts receivable and interest receivable.

(3) Reclamation bond

(4) Includes accounts payable and accruals.

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies; however, considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. The fair values of the Company's financial instruments are not materially different from their carrying value.

Risks arising from financial instruments and risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

The Company uses various methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk of financial loss resulting from movements in the price of the Company's commodity inputs and outputs. The Company is exposed to commodity price risk arising from revenue derived from forecast future sales of the metals it is exploring for. The Company does not manage commodity price risk through the use of derivative instruments.

Sensitivity

At March 31, 2009, a change in the value of tungsten, molybdenum, tin or indium would not change the recognized value of any of the Company's financial instruments.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Company does not have interest-bearing borrowings for which general rate fluctuations apply. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent of the balance of its bank accounts.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions as well as credit exposures to outstanding receivables.

The Company has no concentration of credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets recorded in the financial statements are adjusted for any impairment and represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining at all times sufficient cash, liquid investments and committed credit facilities to meet the Company's commitments as they arise. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

(d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the closing price.

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**Issuance of options**

On April 24, 2009, the Company granted an aggregate of 1,450,000 common share stock options with an exercise price of \$0.12 per common share pursuant to its stock option plan to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The options vest in equal quarterly installments over the twelve month period from the date of the grant and expire on April 24, 2014.